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CLAIMS:

- ART 31(1) 31(2) 31(3) 31(4) 31(5) 31(6) 31(7) 31(8) 31(9) 31(10) 31(11) 31(12) 31(13) 31(14) 31(15) 31(16) 31(17) 31(18) 31(19) 31(20) 31(21) 31(22) 31(23) 31(24) 31(25) 31(26) 31(27) 31(28) 31(29) 31(30) 31(31) 31(32) 31(33) 31(34) 31(35) 31(36) 31(37) 31(38) 31(39) 31(40) 31(41) 31(42) 31(43) 31(44) 31(45) 31(46) 31(47) 31(48) 31(49) 31(50) 31(51) 31(52) 31(53) 31(54) 31(55) 31(56) 31(57) 31(58) 31(59) 31(60) 31(61) 31(62) 31(63) 31(64) 31(65) 31(66) 31(67) 31(68) 31(69) 31(70) 31(71) 31(72) 31(73) 31(74) 31(75) 31(76) 31(77) 31(78) 31(79) 31(80) 31(81) 31(82) 31(83) 31(84) 31(85) 31(86) 31(87) 31(88) 31(89) 31(90) 31(91) 31(92) 31(93) 31(94) 31(95) 31(96) 31(97) 31(98) 31(99) 31(100)
1. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide selected from any of:
- (a) SEQ ID Nos: 15 to 26;
 - (b) an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 12 consecutive amino acids from a polypeptide of (a); and
 - (c) a polypeptide of (a) or (b) which has been modified without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified polypeptide is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the corresponding polypeptide of (a) or (b).
2. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence selected from any of:
- (a) SEQ ID Nos: 2 to 13;
 - (b) a sequence which encodes a polypeptide encoded by any one of SEQ ID Nos: 2 to 13;
 - (c) a sequence comprising at least 38 consecutive nucleotides from any one of the nucleic acid sequences of (a) and (b); and
 - (d) a sequence which encodes a polypeptide which is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to any one of the polypeptides encoded by SEQ ID Nos: 2 to 13.
3. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence which is anti-sense to the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or 2.
4. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a fusion protein, said fusion protein comprising a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1 and a second polypeptide.
5. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 4 wherein the second polypeptide is a heterologous signal peptide.

6. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 4 wherein the second polypeptide has adjuvant activity.

7. A nucleic acid molecule according to any one of claims 1 to 6, operatively linked to one or more expression control sequences.

8. A vaccine comprising a vaccine vector and at least one first nucleic acid selected from any of:

10 (i) SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

(ii) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide encoded by any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

15 (iii) a nucleic acid sequence comprising at least 38 consecutive nucleotides from any one of the nucleic acid sequences of (i) and (ii);

(iv) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide which is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the polypeptide encoded by any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

20 (v) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide whose sequence is set forth in any one of SEQ ID Nos: 14 to 26;

(vi) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 12 consecutive amino acids from any one of SEQ ID Nos: 14 to 26; and

25 (vii) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide as defined in (v) or an immunogenic fragment as defined in (vi) which has been modified without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified polypeptide or fragment is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the corresponding polypeptide of (v) or the corresponding fragment of (vi);

30 wherein each first nucleic acid is capable of being expressed and wherein the vaccine optionally comprises a second nucleic acid encoding and capable of expressing an additional polypeptide which enhances the immune response to the polypeptide expressed by the first nucleic acid.

9. A vaccine comprising a vaccine vector and at least one first nucleic acid encoding a fusion protein, wherein the fusion protein comprises:

(a) a first polypeptide selected from any of:

(i) a polypeptide encoded by any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid sequence comprising at least 38 consecutive nucleotides from any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

(iii) a polypeptide which is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the polypeptide encoded by any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

(iv) a polypeptide whose sequence is set forth in any one of SEQ ID Nos: 14 to 26;

(v) an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 12 consecutive amino acids from any one of SEQ ID Nos: 14 to 26; and

(vi) a polypeptide as defined (iv) or an immunogenic fragment as defined in (v) which has been modified without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified polypeptide or fragment is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the corresponding polypeptide of (iv) or the corresponding fragment of (v); and

(b) a second polypeptide;
wherein each first nucleic acid is capable of being expressed and wherein the vaccine optionally comprises a second nucleic acid encoding and capable of expressing an additional polypeptide which enhances the immune response to the first polypeptide.

10. The vaccine of claim 9 wherein the second polypeptide is a heterologous signal peptide.

11. The vaccine of claim 9 wherein the second polypeptide has adjuvant activity.

12. The vaccine of any one of ~~claims 8 to 11~~ wherein wherein each first nucleic acid is operatively linked to one or more expression control sequences.

5 13. A vaccine comprising at least one first nucleic acid according to any one of claims 1, 2, and 4 to 7 and a vaccine vector wherein each first nucleic acid is expressed as a polypeptide, the vaccine optionally comprising a second nucleic acid encoding an additional polypeptide which enhances the
10 immune response to the polypeptide expressed by said first nucleic acid.

14. The vaccine of any one of ~~claims 8 to 13~~ wherein the second nucleic acid encodes an additional *Chlamydia*
15 polypeptide.

15. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a nucleic acid according to any one of ~~claims 1 to 7~~ and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
20

16. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a vaccine according to any one of ~~claims 8 to 14~~ and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

25 17. A unicellular host transformed with the nucleic acid molecule of ~~claim 7~~.

18. An isolated nucleic acid probe of 5 to 100 nucleotides which hybridizes under stringent conditions to any
30 one of nucleic acid molecules of SEQ ID Nos: 2 to 13, or to a complementary or anti-sense sequence of said nucleic acid molecule.

19. An isolated primer of 10 to 40 nucleotides which
35 hybridizes under stringent conditions to any one of nucleic

acid molecules of SEQ ID Nos: 2 to 13, or to a complementary or anti-sense sequence of said nucleic acid molecule.

20. A polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid sequence according to any one of claims 1, 2 and 4 to 7.

21. A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from any of:

(a) SEQ ID Nos: 15 to 26;

(b) an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 12 consecutive amino acids from a polypeptide of (a); and

(c) a polypeptide of (a) or (b) which has been modified without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified polypeptide is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the corresponding polypeptide of (a) or (b).

22. A fusion protein comprising a polypeptide of claim 20 or 21 and a second polypeptide.

23. The fusion protein of claim 22 wherein the second polypeptide is a heterologous signal peptide.

24. The fusion protein of claim 22 wherein the second polypeptide has adjuvant activity.

25. A method for producing a polypeptide of claim 20 or 21, or a fusion protein of any one of claims 22 to 24, comprising the step of culturing a unicellular host of claim 17.

26. An antibody against the polypeptide of claim 20 or 21, or against a fusion protein of any one of claims 22 to 24.

27. A vaccine comprising at least one first polypeptide selected from any of:

(i) a polypeptide encoded by any one of

SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid sequence comprising at least 38 consecutive nucleotides from any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

(iii) a polypeptide which is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the polypeptide encoded by any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

(iv) a polypeptide whose sequence is set forth in any one of SEQ ID Nos: 14 to 26;

(v) an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 12 consecutive amino acids from any one of SEQ ID Nos: 14 to 26; and

(vi) a polypeptide as defined in (iv) or an immunogenic fragment as defined in (v) which has been modified without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified polypeptide or fragment is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the corresponding polypeptide of (iv) or the corresponding fragment of (v);

wherein the vaccine optionally comprises an additional polypeptide which enhances the immune response to the first polypeptide.

28. A vaccine comprising at least one fusion protein, wherein the fusion protein comprises:

(a) a first polypeptide selected from any of:

(i) a polypeptide encoded by any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid sequence comprising at least 38 consecutive nucleotides from any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

(iii) a polypeptide which is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the polypeptide encoded by any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1 to 13;

(iv) a polypeptide whose sequence is set forth in any one of SEQ ID Nos: 14 to 26;

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a'
(v) an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 12 consecutive amino acids from any one of SEQ ID Nos: 14 to 26; and

(vi) a polypeptide as defined (iv) or an immunogenic fragment as defined in (v) which has been modified without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified polypeptide or fragment is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the corresponding polypeptide of (iv) or the corresponding fragment of (v); and

10 (b) a second polypeptide;
wherein the vaccine optionally comprises an additional polypeptide which enhances the immune response to the first polypeptide.

15 29. The vaccine of claim 28 wherein the second polypeptide is a heterologous signal peptide.

30. The vaccine of claim 28 wherein the second polypeptide has adjuvant activity.

20 31. A vaccine comprising at least one first polypeptide according to any one of claims 20 to 24, optionally comprising an additional polypeptide which enhances the immune response to the first polypeptide.

25 32. The vaccine of any one of claims 27 to 31 wherein the additional polypeptide comprises a *Chlamydia* polypeptide.

30 33. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to any one of claims 20 to 24 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

35 34. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a vaccine according to any one of claims 27 to 32 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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5
35. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody according to claim 26 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

36. A method for preventing or treating Chlamydia infection using:

- (a) the nucleic acid of any one of claims 1 to 7;
(b) the vaccine of any one of claims 8 to 14 and 27 to

10 32;

(c) the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 15, 16 and 33 to 35;

(d) the polypeptide of claim 20 or 21, or a fusion protein of any one of claims 22 to 24; or

15

(e) the antibody of claim 26.

37. A method of detecting Chlamydia infection comprising the step of assaying a body fluid of a mammal to be tested, with a component selected from any one of:

20

- (a) the nucleic acid of any one of claims 1 to 7;
(b) the polypeptide of claim 20 or 21, or a fusion protein of any one of claims 22 to 24; and
(c) the antibody of claim 26.

25 38.

A diagnostic kit comprising instructions for use and a component selected from any one of:

- (a) the nucleic acid of any one of claims 1 to 7;
(b) the polypeptide of claim 20 or 21, or a fusion protein of any one of claims 22 to 24; and
30 (c) the antibody of claim 26.

39. A method for identifying a polypeptide of claim 20 or 21, or a fusion protein of any one of claims 22 to 24 which induces an immune response effective to prevent or lessen the

severity of *Chlamydia* infection in a mammal previously immunized with polypeptide, comprising the steps of:

- (a) immunizing a mouse with the polypeptide or fusion protein; and
- (b) inoculating the immunized mouse with *Chlamydia*, wherein the polypeptide or fusion protein which prevents or lessens the severity of *Chlamydia* infection in the immunized mouse compared to a non-immunized control mouse is identified.

40. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide selected from any of:

- (a) SEQ ID No: 14;
- (b) an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 50 consecutive amino acids from a polypeptide of (a); and
- (c) a polypeptide of (a) or (b) which has been modified without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified polypeptide is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the corresponding polypeptide of (a) or (b).

41. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence selected from any of:

- (a) SEQ ID No: 1;
- (b) a sequence which encodes a polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No: 1;
- (c) a sequence comprising at least 38 consecutive nucleotides from SEQ ID No: 1;
- (d) a sequence which encodes a polypeptide which is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No: 1; and
- (e) a sequence comprising at least 100 consecutive nucleotides from a nucleic acid sequence of (b).

42. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence which is anti-sense to the nucleic acid molecule of claim 40.

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43. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a fusion protein, said fusion protein comprising a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid molecule according to claim 40 and a second polypeptide.

5

44. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 43 wherein the second polypeptide is a heterologous signal peptide.

45. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 43 wherein the second polypeptide has adjuvant activity.

10

46. A nucleic acid molecule according to any one of claims 40 to 45, operatively linked to one or more expression control sequences.

15

47. A vaccine comprising a vaccine vector and at least one first nucleic acid selected from any of:

(i) SEQ ID No: 1;

(ii) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No: 1;

20

(iii) a nucleic acid sequence comprising at least 38 consecutive nucleotides from any one of the nucleic acid sequences of (i) and (ii);

(iv) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide which is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No: 1;

25

(v) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide whose sequence is set forth in SEQ ID No: 14;

(vi) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 12 consecutive amino acids from SEQ ID No:14; and

30

(vii) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide as defined in (v) or an immunogenic fragment as defined in (vi) which has been modified without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified polypeptide or fragment is at least 75% identical

35

in amino acid sequence to the corresponding polypeptide of (v) or the corresponding fragment of (vi);

wherein each first nucleic acid is capable of being expressed and wherein the vaccine optionally comprises a second
5 nucleic acid encoding and capable of expressing an additional polypeptide which enhances the immune response to the polypeptide expressed by the first nucleic acid.

48. A vaccine comprising a vaccine vector and at least
10 one first nucleic acid encoding a fusion protein, wherein the fusion protein comprises:

(a) a first polypeptide selected from any of:

(i) a polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No: 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid sequence
15 comprising at least 38 consecutive nucleotides from SEQ ID No: 1;

(iii) a polypeptide which is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No: 1;

(iv) a polypeptide whose sequence is set forth in
20 SEQ ID No: 14;

(v) an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 12 consecutive amino acids from SEQ ID No:14; and

(vi) a polypeptide as defined (iv) or an immunogenic
25 fragment as defined in (v) which has been modified without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified polypeptide or fragment is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the corresponding polypeptide of (iv) or the corresponding fragment of (v); and

(b) a second polypeptide;

30 wherein each first nucleic acid is capable of being expressed and wherein the vaccine optionally comprises a second nucleic acid encoding and capable of expressing an additional polypeptide which enhances the immune response to the first polypeptide.

35

49. The vaccine of claim 48 wherein the second polypeptide is a heterologous signal peptide.

50. The vaccine of claim 48 wherein the second polypeptide has adjuvant activity.

51. The vaccine of any one of claims 47 to 50 wherein wherein each first nucleic acid is operatively linked to one or more expression control sequences.

52. A vaccine comprising at least one first nucleic acid according to any one of claims 40, 41, and 43 to 46 and a vaccine vector wherein each first nucleic acid is expressed as a polypeptide, the vaccine optionally comprising a second nucleic acid encoding an additional polypeptide which enhances the immune response to the polypeptide expressed by said first nucleic acid.

53. The vaccine of any one of claims 47 to 52 wherein the second nucleic acid encodes an additional *Chlamydia* polypeptide.

54. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a nucleic acid according to any one of claims 40 to 46 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

55. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a vaccine according to any one of claims 47 to 53 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

56. A unicellular host transformed with the nucleic acid molecule of claim 46.

57. An isolated nucleic acid probe of 5 to 100

nucleotides which are at least 75% similar to the nucleic acid

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molecule of SEQ ID No: 1, or to a complementary or anti-sense sequence of said nucleic acid molecule.

58. An isolated primer of 10 to 40 nucleotides which
5 which are at least 75% similar to the nucleic acid molecules of
SEQ ID No: 1, or to a complementary or anti-sense sequence of
said nucleic acid molecule.

59. A polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid sequence
10 according to any one of claims 40, 41 and 43 to 46.

60. A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence
selected from any of:

(d) SEQ ID No: 14;

15 (e) an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 12
consecutive amino acids from a polypeptide of (a); and

(f) a polypeptide of (a) or (b) which has been modified
without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified
polypeptide is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to
20 the corresponding polypeptide of (a) or (b).

61. A fusion protein comprising a polypeptide of claim 59
or 60 and a second polypeptide.

25 62. The fusion protein of claim 61 wherein the second
polypeptide is a heterologous signal peptide.

63. The fusion protein of claim 61 wherein the second
polypeptide has adjuvant activity.

30 64. A method for producing a polypeptide of claim 59 or
60, or a fusion protein of any one of claims 61 to 63,
comprising the step of culturing a unicellular host of claim
56.

65. An antibody against the polypeptide of claim 59 or 60, or against a fusion protein of any one of claims 61 to 63.

66. A vaccine comprising at least one first polypeptide selected from any of:

- (i) a polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No: 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid sequence comprising at least 38 consecutive nucleotides from SEQ ID No: 1;
- (iii) a polypeptide which is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No: 1;
- (iv) a polypeptide whose sequence is set forth in SEQ ID No: 14;
- (v) an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 12 consecutive amino acids from SEQ ID No: 14; and
- (vi) a polypeptide as defined in (iv) or an immunogenic fragment as defined in (v) which has been modified without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified polypeptide or fragment is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the corresponding polypeptide of (iv) or the corresponding fragment of (v);

wherein the vaccine optionally comprises an additional polypeptide which enhances the immune response to the first polypeptide.

67. A vaccine comprising at least one fusion protein, wherein the fusion protein comprises:

- (a) a first polypeptide selected from any of:
 - (i) a polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No: 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid sequence comprising at least 38 consecutive nucleotides from SEQ ID No: 1;
 - (iii) a polypeptide which is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID No: 1;
 - (iii) a polypeptide whose sequence is set forth in

SEQ ID No: 14;

(v) an immunogenic fragment comprising at least 12 consecutive amino acids from SEQ ID No:14; and

(vi) a polypeptide as defined (iv) or an immunogenic fragment as defined in (v) which has been modified without loss of immunogenicity, wherein said modified polypeptide or fragment is at least 75% identical in amino acid sequence to the corresponding polypeptide of (iv) or the corresponding fragment of (v); and

(b) a second polypeptide;
wherein the vaccine optionally comprises an additional polypeptide which enhances the immune response to the first polypeptide.

68. The vaccine of claim 67 wherein the second polypeptide is a heterologous signal peptide.

69. The vaccine of claim 67 wherein the second polypeptide has adjuvant activity.

70. A vaccine comprising at least one first polypeptide according to any one of claims 59 to 63, optionally comprising an additional polypeptide which enhances the immune response to the first polypeptide.

71. The vaccine of any one of claims 66 to 70 wherein the additional polypeptide comprises a *Chlamydia* polypeptide.

72. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to any one of claims 59 to 63 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

73. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a vaccine according to any one of claims 66 to 71 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

5 75. A method for preventing or treating *Chlamydia* infection using:

(g) the vaccine of any one of claims 47 to 53 and 66 to

71;

10 (h) the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims
54, 55 and 72 to 74;

(i) the polypeptide of claim 59 or 60, or a fusion protein of any one of claims 61 to 63; or

(j) the antibody of claim 65.

15 76. A method of detecting *Chlamydia* infection comprising the step of assaying a body fluid of a mammal to be tested, with a component selected from any one of:

(d) the nucleic acid of any one of claims 40 to 46;

(e) the polypeptide of claim 59 or 60, or a fusion

20 protein of any one of claims 61 to 63; and

(f) the antibody of claim 65.

77. A diagnostic kit comprising instructions for use and a component selected from any one of:

25 (d) the nucleic acid of any one of claims 40 to 46;

(e) the polypeptide of claim 59 or 60, or a fusion protein of any one of claims 61 to 63; and

(f) the antibody of claim 65.

30 78. A method for identifying a polypeptide of claim 59 or 60, or a fusion protein of any one of claims 61 to 63 which induces an immune response effective to prevent or lessen the severity of *Chlamydia* infection in a mammal previously immunized with polypeptide, comprising the steps of:

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(a) immunizing a mouse with the polypeptide or fusion protein; and

(b) inoculating the immunized mouse with *Chlamydia*, wherein the polypeptide or fusion protein which prevents or lessens the severity of *Chlamydia* infection in the immunized mouse compared to a non-immunized control mouse is identified.

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